

AUTHORITY MONITORING REPORT

1 APRIL 2020 – 31 MARCH 2021



Hinckley & Bosworth
Borough Council

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1. BACKGROUND

- 1.1. The Authority Monitoring Report (AMR) forms part of the Local Plan (2006-2026). The requirement for a local authority to produce an Authority Monitoring Report is set out in [Section 113 of the Localism Act 2011](#). The Act requires every authority to produce a report or series of reports containing information on the implementation of the [Local Development Scheme](#) (LDS), the progress and effectiveness of the Local Plan and the extent to which the planning policies set out in local development documents are being achieved.
- 1.2. Section 113 of the Localism Act 2011 requires local planning authorities to publish an AMR at least yearly in the interests of transparency. **This AMR covers the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021.**
- 1.3. Section 34 of the [Town and Country Planning \(Local Planning\) \(England\) Regulations 2012](#) states what the Council's AMR should include. The key elements reported in this AMR are the implementation of the Local Development Scheme (LDS) and the progress and effectiveness of Local Plan policies. In addition, this AMR will give an update on the status of Neighbourhood Development Plans (NDPs), how the local planning authority is co-operating with relevant authorities prescribed under [Section 33A of the Act](#) and the demand for self-build and custom housebuilding within the borough.

2. APPROACH TO MONITORING

- 2.1. The aim of the AMR is to identify whether policies and objectives set out in Local Plan documents have been achieved and whether targets and milestones outlined in the Local Development Scheme have been met. Specifically the Council will assess:
- Whether it is meeting, or is on target to meet, the milestones set out in the Local Development Scheme and, if not, the reasons why;
 - Whether Local Plan policies are being implemented or need to be reviewed;
 - What action needs to be taken if policies are not being implemented or require to be reviewed;
 - The status of Neighbourhood Development Plans within the Borough;
 - An update on the ongoing co-operation between the Council and relevant bodies under the Duty to Cooperate; and
 - The level of demand for self-build and custom housebuilding, using a range of headline outputs from the self-build and custom housebuilding register.

Monitoring Local Development Scheme (LDS) Implementation

- 2.2. As required by Regulation 34 of the Town and County Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012, the AMR must contain information on what stage documents contained within the LDS have reached in their preparation, and if the document is behind the timetable the reasons for this.
- 2.3. For this AMR period, plan progress is monitored using the key milestones and targets set out in the LDS. In January 2022 an updated LDS was adopted which replaced the 2020 version. This is discussed further in the LDS implementation section of this report.

Monitoring Local Planning Policies

- 2.4. Policies from the following adopted documents – in total amounting to the Local Plan 2006-2026 – have been monitored to identify which policies have been used most frequently as part of the Development Management decision making process:
- Core Strategy Development Plan Document (DPD)(2009)
 - Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD (2016)
 - Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD (2011)
 - Earl Shilton and Barwell Area Action Plan DPD (2014)
- 2.5. Those policies that have not been implemented are also monitored, with a statement of the reasons why and the steps to be taken to secure that the policy is implemented where applicable. The results of this analysis are presented in Appendix 1.
- 2.6. We are currently working on a new Local Plan which will set out land allocations and planning policies for the period 2020 to 2039. As at March 2021, the Borough Council had undertaken four consultations on the Local Plan Review, the Scope, issues and options consultation (January 2018 - February 2018), the New Directions for Growth consultation (Jan 2019 – March 2019), Draft Plan (regulation 18) consultation (June 2021 – August 2021) and a submission Draft Plan (regulation 19) consultation (February 2022 – March 2022). Section 4 outlines the Local Development Scheme and targets as at March 2022. The most up-to-date

Local Development Scheme (LDS) can be found on the Borough Council's website here:
https://www.hinckley-bosworth.gov.uk/info/856/local_development_framework/832/local_development_scheme_lds

- 2.7. More detail can be found on the Borough Council's website here: https://www.hinckley-bosworth.gov.uk/info/200398/local_plan_review_2020_to_2039

Policy Performance & Effects

- 2.8. To ensure that policies and proposals are delivering their intended aims and that the effects of their implementation meet with sustainable development objectives, relevant targets and indicators need to be devised. By monitoring these indicators, an assessment can be made as to whether the policies are achieving their objectives, and if not, whether they need to be reviewed or amended.
- 2.9. The output indicators for the Core Strategy, Site Allocations and Development Management Policies document, Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan and the Earl Shilton and Barwell Area Action Plan will be used to assess the performance of the relevant policies. The Site Allocations and Development Management Policies document provides the Monitoring Framework against which to test its policy performance and effects as well as that of the Core Strategy. Each of the AAPs includes bespoke monitoring frameworks which are used.
- 2.10. The assessment of policy implementation, performance and effects in Section 8 is carried out in relation to the Core Strategy DPD (2009), Site Allocations and Development Management Policies document (2016), the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD (2011), the Earl Shilton and Barwell Area Action Plan DPD (2014) as at 31 March 2021.
- 2.11. Neighbourhood Development Plans once 'made' become part of the Development Plan, and sit alongside the Local Plan prepared by the Local Authority. Most do not have monitoring frameworks against which its policy performance and effects can be tested. However, the policies of any made Neighbourhood plans will be monitored and reported in Appendix 1 as at 31 March 2021.

3. SNAPSHOT OF HINCKLEY AND BOSWORTH

3.1. The following table contains a number of key statistics and figures relating to Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council.

Table 1: HBBC key statistics and figures

Area	29,735 hectares	
Population	113,136 total population (mid-year estimate 2020) ¹	
	Hinckley and Bosworth is ranked as the 232 nd most deprived authority in the Indices of Deprivation 2019 ² (out of 317 authorities with 1 st being the most deprived)	
Meeting Housing needs	Approximate number of private households in Hinckley and Bosworth ³	45,377
	Households (2011) ⁴ (Owner-occupied)	34,826
	Households (private rented) ⁵	5,156
	Households (social rented) ⁶	4,685
	Average house price ⁷	£250,519
Economy	People in employment (aged 16-64) ⁸	59,200
	Employee jobs by sector ⁹	
	Professional, managers, technical (group 1-3)	46.7%
	Administration and skilled trades (group 4-5)	22.7%
	Caring, leisure, sales and customer services (group 6-7)	12.9%
	Plant, machinery, elementary occupations (group 8-9)	17.7%
	Population holding a level 3 qualification and above ¹⁰	63.7%
	Population holding no qualifications ¹¹	7.8%
Health	% of Hinckley and Bosworth's residents travelling to work by car or van ¹²	35%
	Life expectancy at birth ¹³	
	Male	80.4 years
	Female	83.6 years
	% of population in good or very good health ¹⁴	81.2%
	% of adults are classified as obese ¹⁵	60.6%
	% of children in year 6 classified as obese ¹⁶	18%
Environment	Total number of Conservation Areas	28
	Total number of Listed Buildings	353
	Total number of Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs)	7
	% of Borough within Flood Zone 1	91%

¹ ONS 2021

² Indices of Deprivation 2019

³ Census 2011

⁴ Census 2011

⁵ Census 2011

⁶ Census 2011

⁷ HM Land Registry June 2021

⁸ Nomis 2020/21

⁹ Nomis 2020/21

¹⁰ Nomis 2020/21

¹¹ Nomis 2020/21 (East Midlands)

¹² Census 2011

¹³ Public Health England 2019/20

¹⁴ Census 2011

¹⁵ Public Health England 2019/20

¹⁶ Public Health England 2019/20

4. LOCAL DEVELOPMENT SCHEME IMPLEMENTATION

- 4.1. This section will examine the Council's progress in terms of the Local Plan Review (2020-2039) document production against the targets and milestones set out in the Local Development Scheme (LDS). The original LDS (2016-2021) was adopted December 2018 however, on 3 August 2020 an updated LDS was published. The 2019/20 AMR monitored against both the original LDS and the updated LDS. The original LDS is redundant now and will not be monitored moving forward.
- 4.2. The progress of the Local Plan against the LDS during the 2020/21 monitoring year is detailed in Table 2 below. This shows whether the document has met the LDS milestone or is on course to meet the milestone (green), whether any slippage has occurred or is likely to occur (yellow) or if a milestone has been missed (red).
- 4.3. Ahead of the publication of this AMR, an updated LDS was published on 8 February 2022. This section will also consider progress against it as it will become the LDS referred to going forward. The new LDS was developed as a result of slippage in timescales in developing the new Local Plan, the reasons for which are dealt with in relation to the LDS set out in Table 2.

Table 2: Local Development Scheme (2018-2022) - Progress: 1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021

Key:	
TM/OT	Target met/On course to meet target
SS	Some slippage has occurred or is likely
MM	Missed milestone
UM	Unable to meet milestone

The Local Plan DPD	Consultation on the Scope, Issues and Options (Reg. 18)	January – February 2018	TM
	Public consultation on New Directions for Growth Paper	January – February 2019	TM
	Public consultation on Draft Plan (minimum 8 weeks)	March – April 2021	MM
	Submission to Secretary of State (Regulation 22)	September 2021	MM
	Estimated programmed date for Examination in Public	January 2022	MM
	Programmed date for adoption	October 2022	UM

Explanation of progress against the Local Development Scheme

- 4.4. Public Consultation on a draft plan (regulation 19) has now taken place although between February and March 2022 so later than the above timetable within the 2020 LDS. Due to this slippage in the timeframe, the rest of the LDS is now considered to be out of date and not achievable. The consultation was delayed due to factors that could not be envisaged at the time of writing the published LDS (August 2020). These factors include:
- Uncertainties on Leicester City's unmet need and how that is to be addressed across the county; and
 - The coronavirus pandemic.
- 4.5. The revised LDS shown in Table 3 reflects the slippage that the above factors have caused. There has been a delay in the submission of the Local Plan to the Secretary of State due to the volume of responses received to the regulation 19 consultation. It is envisaged that the Council will revise the below timeframe with the intention of working towards the Local Plan being adopted by the end of 2023.

Table 3: Local Development Scheme (2018-2023) - Progress: 1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021

The Local Plan DPD	Consultation on the Scope, Issues and Options (Reg. 18)	January – February 2018	TM
	Public consultation on New Directions for Growth Paper	January – February 2019	TM
	Public consultation on Draft Plan (Reg. 18)	June – August 2021	TM
	Public consultation on Draft Plan (minimum 8 weeks) (Reg. 19)	February – March 2022	TM
	Submission to Secretary of State (Regulation 22)	March 2022	MM
	Estimated programmed date for Examination in Public	August 2022	SS
	Programmed date for adoption	March 2023	SS

5. HOUSING SUPPLY – 1 APRIL 2020 – 31 MARCH 2021

- 5.1. The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (February 2021) requires local planning authorities to significantly boost the supply of housing. Paragraphs 60 and 61 state that;

“To support the Government’s objective of significantly boosting the supply of homes, it is important that a sufficient amount and variety of land can come forward where it is needed, that the needs of groups with specific housing requirements are addressed and that land with permission is developed without unnecessary delay.

To determine the minimum number of homes needed, strategic policies should be informed by a local needs assessment, conducted using the standard method in national planning guidance – unless exceptional circumstances justify an alternative approach which also reflects current and future demographic trends and market signals.”

- 5.2. Paragraph 74 of the NPPF also states:

Local planning authorities should identify and update annually a supply of specific deliverable sites sufficient to provide a minimum of five years’ worth of housing against their housing requirement set out in adopted strategic policies, or against their local housing need where the strategic policies are more than five years old¹⁷. The supply of specific deliverable sites should in addition include a buffer (moved forward from later in the plan period) of:

- a) 5% to ensure choice and competition in the market for land; or*
- b) 10% where the local planning authority wishes to demonstrate a five year supply of deliverable sites through an annual position statement or recently adopted plan¹⁸, to account for any fluctuations in the market during that year; or*
- c) 20% where there has been significant under delivery of housing over the previous three years, to improve the prospect of achieving the planned supply¹⁹.*

¹⁷Unless these strategic policies have been reviewed and found not to require updating. Where local housing need is used as the basis for assessing whether a five year supply of specific deliverable sites exists, it should be calculated using the standard method set out in national planning guidance.

¹⁸ For the purposes of paragraphs 74b and 75 a plan adopted between 1 May and 31 October will be considered ‘recently adopted’ until 31 October of the following year; and a plan adopted between 1 November and 30 April will be considered recently adopted until 31 October in the same year.

¹⁹ This will be measured against the Housing Delivery Test, where this indicates that delivery was below 85% of the housing requirement.

- 5.3. As the Council's Core Strategy was the strategic policy document which set the Borough's housing requirement and was adopted in 2009, it is considered that the policies specific to housing are more than five years old and therefore Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council will be using the local housing need based on the standard method.
- 5.4. The way in which the Borough's local housing need has been calculated is detailed in the Residential Land Availability Monitoring Statement 1 April 2020-31 March 2021, which is available on our website. The Council's Local Housing need as of 1st April 2021 is **444 dwellings per annum**.
- 5.5. As mentioned in footnote 41 (footnote 19 on page 9) that accompanies paragraph 74 c) of the NPPF, the appropriate buffer to be included in HBBC's five year housing land supply is dependant on its Housing Delivery Test (HDT) results which will be published in January by Government each year with last year's results being published on 19th January 2020.
- 5.6. Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council's delivery between 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2020 was 1,172 dwellings against the 1,227 dwelling requirement. Therefore, the Council failed the HDT with 92%. This meant that a 5% buffer was still appropriate for the five year housing supply as of 1st April 2021 but that an Action Plan had to be produced by the Council within 6 months of the published HDT results..
- 5.7. The Council as of 1 April 2021 for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 had 267 dwelling completions (net) across the borough. Additionally the Council, as of 1 April 2021 has **4.46 years** of housing land supply. This is explained further in Tables 4 and 5.
- 5.8. Advice on the provision of affordable housing in the borough is included in the Core Strategy and the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD). Under this advice, Policy 15 of the Core Strategy seeks the provision of 20% affordable housing on all sites with 15 or more dwellings or sites of 0.5 hectares or more in urban areas (Hinckley, Burbage, Barwell and Earl Shilton) and the Barwell and Earl Shilton Sustainable Urban Extensions, and the provision of 40% affordable housing on all sites of 4 or more dwellings or sites of 0.13 hectares or more in rural areas. The tenure split will be 75% social rented and 25% intermediate housing. These figures may be negotiated on a site by site basis taking into account identified local need, existing provision, characteristics of the site and viability.
- 5.9. National Planning Policy Framework, updated in September 2021, has superseded guidance relating to the rural housing targets in Core Strategy policy 15. Paragraph 64 of the NPPF states that affordable housing should only be sought on major developments, except in designated rural areas where a lower threshold may be applied.
- 5.10. Over the last monitoring year (2020/21) 102 affordable dwellings were built of varied tenures. Since the start of the plan period (2006) there have been 1,390 affordable dwelling completions.
- 5.11. More detailed information on the Council's housing supply is contained within the latest Residential Land Availability monitoring statement which is available on the Council's website at https://www.hinckley-bosworth.gov.uk/info/856/local_development_framework/395/monitoring/2

Table 4: Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council's Five Year Housing Land Supply Position as at 1 April 2021 with 5% buffer

		Dwellings
a	Borough Housing Requirement (standard method and affordability ratio)	444 dwellings per annum
	Total Required (x5)	2,220 dwellings
b	Deliverable housing supply required for 5 years with additional 5% buffer (5% of annual requirement of 444 dwellings = 22 dwellings)	466 dwellings per annum 2,330 dwellings
c	Housing Supply (1 April 2020 – 31 March 2025) Row 2. Large Sites = 1,640 dwellings + Row 3. Small Sites = 281 dwellings + Row 4. Small Sites Windfall Allowance = 156 dwellings + Row 4. Barwell Sustainable Urban Extension = 0 dwellings + Row 5. Earl Shilton Sustainable Urban Extension = 0 dwellings	2,077
d	Overprovision/Shortfall (b - c)	-253
e	Number of years supply (c / 466 dwellings per annum)	4.46

Table 5: Housing Trajectory – as at 1 April 2021 (Including large and small site commitments, SUEs, allocated sites and windfall)

(Appendix 13 of the Residential Land Availability Monitoring Statement)

Row Number		2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012	2012/2013	2013/2014	2014/2015	2015/ 2016	2016/2017	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024	2024/2025	2025/2026	2026/2027	2027/2028	2028/2029	2029/2030	2030/2031	Totals
1	Past completions	438	398	474	353	227	373	225	480	752	593	569	423	464	285	267											6321
2	Projected net additional dwellings per annum (Large site commitments)																329	422	425	287	177	239	167	21	112	62	2241
3	Small/Conversion Site Commitments																102	89	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	282
4	Small Site Windfall Provision																0	0	0	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	546
5	Barwell Sustainable Urban Extension (2500 dwellings) (see 12/00295/OUT)																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Earl Shilton Sustainable Urban Extension (1600 dwellings)																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plan Delivery	Completions/Projected Completions	438	398	474	353	227	373	225	480	752	593	569	423	464	285	275	431	511	516	365	255	317	245	99	190	140	9398
	Cumulative Completions/Projected Completions	438	836	1310	1663	1890	2263	2488	2968	3720	4313	4882	5305	5769	6054	6329	6760	7271	7787	8152	8407	8724	8969	9068	9258	9398	
	Annual Requirement	450	450	450	450	450	471	471	471	471	471	471	471	465	457	452	444	444	444	444	444	444	444	444	444	444	
	Additional 5% buffer on annual requirement for 0-5 years																23	23	23	23	23						
	Annual Requirement + 5% buffer	450	450	450	450	450	471	471	471	471	471	471	471	465	457	452	467	467	467	467	467	444	444	444	444	444	
	Cumulative Annual Requirement	450	900	1350	1800	2250	2721	3192	3663	4134	4605	5076	5547	6012	6469	6921	7388	7855	8322	8789	9256	9700	10144	10588	11032	11476	
	Completions/Projected Completions above or below the Requirement each year	-12	-52	24	-97	-223	-98	-246	9	281	122	98	-48	-1	-172	-177	-36	44	49	-102	-212	-127	-199	-345	-254	-304	

6. DEMAND FOR SELF-BUILD AND CUSTOM HOUSEBUILDING WITHIN THE BOROUGH

- 6.1. The [Self-build and Custom Housebuilding Act 2015](#) (as amended by the Housing and Planning Act 2016) provides the legal basis and definition for self-build and custom housebuilding. Section 1 of the Act sets out that responsibility for keeping a self-build and custom housebuilding register of individuals or associations of individuals with an interest in building or completing self-build or custom houses falls with the relevant authority, in this case Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council. The Borough Council has maintained a register in line with the requirements set out in the Act since April 2016. The Self-Build and Custom Housebuilding Regulations 2016 came into force 31 October 2016. As a result, the period for monitoring self-build and custom housebuilding interest falls between 31 October and 30 October the following year, save the first year which commenced at the point at which the Borough Council began the register (April 2016).
- 6.2. [National Planning Practice Guidance](#) encourages relevant authorities to publish, in their Authority Monitoring Report, headline data on the demand for self-build and custom housebuilding revealed by their register and, where relevant, other sources. It stipulates that such information can include, but is not limited to:
- The number of individuals and associations on the register;
 - The number of serviced plots of land sought; and
 - The preferences that people on the register have indicated, such as general location, plot sizes and types of housing intended to be built, where this information has been requested by the Borough Council and provided by an applicant.
- 6.3. The Council carried out a review of the Self-build register over the summer of 2021. This consisted of writing to everyone on the register and asking them to confirm their interest in self-build and if they wanted to remain on the register. If interest was not confirmed then they were removed from the register. Last year's AMR should be referred to for the number of people on the register before the review.
- 6.4. The table overleaf contains relevant information which can be used to quantify the current level of demand for self-build and custom housebuilding within the borough. The table provides the total situation up to 31 March 2021. The Self-Build Register is monitored in base periods 31st October to 30th October, however for this AMR it is monitored up to 31 March 2021.

Table 6: Self-Build and Custom Housebuilding Register - Headline outputs to 31 March 2021

Information	Output (as at 31 March 2021)	
Number of individuals or associations on the register	19	
Number of plots of land sought	19	
Number of plots not yet identified (where applicants indicate they do not yet have a plot)	16	
Number of preferences for rural location (where a clear preference is made for this within the application)	16	
Number of preferences for urban location (where a clear preference is made for this within the application)	7	
Number of individuals or associations potentially interested in building in a group	2	
House type preferences	Detached	18
	Semi-detached	1
	Terraced	0
	Other	0

- 6.5. Currently there are 5 individuals or associations who have registered interest in 10 un-serviced plots, but are exempt from the register. They are exempt because they have specifically requested un-serviced plots.
- 6.6. Future AMRs will continue to record this data at these intervals in order to help measure demand.
- 6.7. Currently there have been five permissions granted as Self-build or custom build dwellings within the Borough since the start of the register.

7. THE BOROUGH COUNCIL'S DUTY TO COOPERATE

- 7.1. The Localism Act 2011 requires Local Planning Authorities (LPAs) to cooperate with each other and with other public bodies to address those planning issues that are strategic in their area.
- 7.2. The Localism Act also requires LPAs to “*engage constructively, actively and on an on-going basis*” to develop strategic policies and consider joint approaches to plan making where appropriate. The Duty to Co-operate came into effect on 15th November 2011.
- 7.3. The NPPF paragraph 20 provides details regarding the expectations of strategic policies and what they should provide. The LPA has a duty to co-operate on strategic issues and these policies should be considered as strategic priorities.
- 7.4. The Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 require that the LPA's Authority Monitoring Report must give details of what action has been taken during the monitoring period to satisfy the Duty to Co-operate.
- 7.5. Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council has undertaken a considerable amount of engagement activity and discourse with neighbouring local authorities within this period, both individually and as part of planning groups and forums on a sub-regional basis. A large number of public and private bodies and the local residential and business communities have also been regularly engaged and consulted throughout the plan-making process. The key cross boundary work streams are set out in table 7 below, whilst table 8 sets out the regular duty to cooperate meetings that Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council are involved in.

Table 7: Duty to Cooperate matters in collaboration with others

Topic	Co-operated with	Time Frame
Production of a Strategic Growth Plan and supporting studies	• Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council • Leicester City Council • Melton Borough Council • North West Leicestershire District Council • Oadby and Wigston Borough Council • Leicester and Leicestershire Enterprise Partnership	2015 - ongoing
Statement of Common Ground for Housing and Employment Growth (linked to evidence below)	• Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council • Leicester City Council • Melton Borough Council • North West Leicestershire District Council • Oadby and Wigston Borough Council • Leicester and Leicestershire Enterprise Partnership	June 2019 - ongoing
Cross boundary local plan evidence including: • Strategic Distribution	• Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council • Leicester City Council • Melton Borough Council	Ongoing (weekly meetings)

Topic	Co-operated with	Time Frame
• Housing and Economic Development Needs Assessment • Strategic Transport Assessment • Sustainability Appraisal • Strategic Growth Options	• North West Leicestershire District Council • Oadby and Wigston Borough Council	

Table 8: Duty to Cooperate standing meetings

Topic	Co-operated with	Time Frame
Members Advisory Group (MAG)	District and Borough Leaders and portfolio holders of: • Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council • Leicester City Council • Melton Borough Council • North West Leicestershire District Council • Oadby and Wigston Borough Council	Quarterly
Strategic Planning Group (SPG)	Chief Executives and strategic Directors of: • Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council • Leicester City Council • Melton Borough Council • North West Leicestershire District Council • Oadby and Wigston Borough Council	Monthly
Planning Officers' Forum	Chief Officers for Planning and Transport for: • Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council • Leicester City Council • Melton Borough Council • North West Leicestershire District Council • Oadby and Wigston Borough Council	Monthly
Development Plans Forum	Planning and Planning Policy Officers of: • Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council • Leicester City Council • Melton Borough Council • North West Leicestershire District Council • Oadby and Wigston Borough Council	Quarterly
Development Management Forum	Planning and Development Management Officers of: • Blaby District Council • Charnwood Borough Council • Harborough District Council • Leicestershire County Council	Quarterly

Topic	Co-operated with	Time Frame
	- Leicester City Council - Melton Borough Council - North West Leicestershire District Council - Oadby and Wigston Borough Council	
Coventry, Solihull and Warwickshire Area Planning Officers (CSWAPO)	Planning and Development Management Officers of: - Coventry City Council - North Warwickshire Borough Council - Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council - Rugby Borough Council - Solihull Borough Council - Stratford District Council - Warwickshire County Council - Warwick District Council	Monthly
Coventry and Warwickshire Joint Monitoring Officers Group	Representatives, planning and monitoring officers of: - North Warwickshire Borough Council - Coventry City Council - Rugby Borough Council - Coventry and Warwickshire Local Enterprise Partnership - Stratford district Council - Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council - Warwick District Council - Warwickshire County Council	Quarterly
Charnwood Forest Steering Group	Officers of: - Leicestershire County Council - Leicester City Council - Charnwood Borough Council - North West Leicestershire District Council Also including (not exhaustive): - National Forest Company - Leicestershire & Rutland Wildlife Trust - Natural England - Environment Agency	Quarterly
A5 Partnership – Officer Group	Officers and representatives of: - Staffordshire County Council - Warwickshire County Council - Leicestershire County Council - Northamptonshire County Council - South Staffordshire District Council - Cannock Chase District Council - Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council - Lichfield District Council - Tamworth Borough Council - North Warwickshire Borough Council - Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council - Rugby Borough Council - Blaby District Council - Harborough District Council - Daventry Borough Council In partnership with (not exhaustive): - Highways England - Midlands Connect	Bi-monthly
A5 Partnership – Members Group	Elected Members, Officers and Representatives of: - Staffordshire County Council - Warwickshire County Council - Leicestershire County Council	

Topic	Co-operated with	Time Frame
	- Northamptonshire County Council - South Staffordshire District Council - Cannock Chase District Council - Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council - Lichfield District Council - Tamworth Borough Council - North Warwickshire Borough Council - Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council - Rugby Borough Council - Blaby District Council - Harborough District Council - Daventry Borough Council In partnership with (not exhaustive): - Highways England - Midlands Connect	
A46 Partnership – Multi-agency group	Officers and Representatives of: - Warwickshire County Council - Leicestershire County Council - Leicester City Council - Wychavon District Council - Coventry City Council - Stratford-on-Avon District Council - Gloucestershire County Council - Warwick District Council - Worcestershire County Council - Cheltenham Borough Council - Tewkesbury Borough Council - Rugby Borough Council - Blaby District Council - Harborough District Council - Charnwood Borough Council - Melton Borough Council - Oadby and Wigston Borough Council In partnership with (not exhaustive): - Highways England - Leicester and Leicestershire Enterprise Partnership - Gloucestershire Local Enterprise Partnership (First LEP) - Coventry and Warwickshire LEP - Worcestershire LEP - Midlands Connect - Environment Agency	Quarterly
River Mease Catchment Technical Working Group	Officers and Representatives of: - Trent Rivers Trust - Leicestershire County Council - Charnwood Borough Council - North West Leicestershire District Council - Environment Agency - Natural England - Severn Trent - National Forest - Lichfield District Council - South Derbyshire District Council	Quarterly

8. POLICY PERFORMANCE AND EFFECTS

- 8.1. A key requirement of the Authority Monitoring Report (AMR) is to assess whether the policies set out in Local Plan documents are achieving their objectives.
- 8.2. To ensure that policies are delivering their intended aims and that the effects of their implementation meet with sustainable development objectives, relevant targets and indicators need to be devised. By monitoring these indicators, an assessment can be made as to whether the policies are achieving their objectives, and if not, whether they need to be reviewed or amended.
- 8.3. The output indicators reported in this AMR will be for the Core Strategy, Site Allocations and Development Management Document, Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan, Earl Shilton and Barwell Area Action Plan, Market Bosworth Neighbourhood Plan and Sheepy Neighbourhood Plan. An assessment of the performance of the framework of indicators has been completed, with the results outlined in the following section.

Output Indicators

- 8.4. As outlined in Section 2, policy performance and effects are monitored using a framework of indicators. The monitoring framework was established as part of the Core Strategy 2009. This document was then reinforced by the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD 2016. The Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD does not have its own set of strategic objectives because its purpose is to deliver those of the Core Strategy, therefore much of the framework as set out originally within the Core Strategy 2009 remains unchanged. The two documents are monitored alongside one another.
- 8.5. The only two adopted neighbourhood plans in Hinckley and Bosworth are Market Bosworth Neighbourhood Plan and Sheepy Neighbourhood Plan. These documents do not have their own set of strategic objectives or monitoring framework as its purpose is to build upon the core documents of the Local Plan.

CORE STRATEGY AND SITE ALLOCATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT POLICIES DPDS MONITORING FRAMEWORK

Table 9: Spatial Objective 1 – Strong and Diverse Economy (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 23)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
1a	Development of 4 ha of additional B2 land by 2026 within/adjacent to Hinckley	Total amount of additional B2 land	Hinckley & Bosworth Employment Land Availability Statement	Additional 1.44 ha completed since 2007 (0ha completed 2020/21)	The targets outlined in the monitoring framework have been set against evidence which has since been updated by the Employment Land and Premises Review 2020. All current employment figures are in the Employment Land Availability Assessment which is available on the Council's website. Completions from 2007-2021 of B2 and B8 land. In terms of ref. 1g, the Council only has data available that is associated with the LEADER funding programme. As spends aren't monitored in a 'monitoring year' for LEADER projects, a return has been given from the start of the programme in 2014, to March 2020. The programme is lead by EU funding, and therefore is expected to end once the UK leaves the EU via Brexit. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic will begin to show in next year's report.
1b	Development of 10 ha of additional B8 land by 2026 within/adjacent to Hinckley	Total amount of additional B8 land	Hinckley & Bosworth Employment Land Availability Statement	Additional 21.59 ha completed since 2007 (0.03 ha completed 2020/21)	
1c	Development of a minimum 6.2 ha employment land in the Barwell Sustainable Urban Extension	Total amount of employment land in Barwell SUE.	Hinckley & Bosworth Employment Land Availability Statement	Barwell SUE has not come forward as yet, therefore not returned.	
1d	Development of 4.5 ha employment land in the Earl Shilton Sustainable Urban Extension	Total amount of employment land	Hinckley & Bosworth Employment Land Availability Statement	Earl Shilton SUE has not come forward as yet, therefore not returned.	
1e	To balance any justified loss of designated 'A' employment sites for other uses with additional provision	Total amount of designated 'A' employment sites within Hinckley & Bosworth	Hinckley & Bosworth Employment Land Availability Statement	The New Employment Land and Premises Study (2020) has been published for the Local Plan Review 2019 – 2039. There was no loss of 'A' employment sites through this review and no applications have been determined which would	

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
				mean the loss of any designated 'A' employment sites.	
1f	To increase the number of VAT registered businesses in Hinckley & Bosworth	Number of VAT registered enterprises	Inter Departmental Business Register (ONS) via Nomis Business Counts	4,805 in 2021. Decrease of 60 businesses since 2020 due to COVID.	
1g	To support rural businesses	Number of rural businesses spending European and / or local funding	LEADER funding programme.	The LEADER programme has now finished. The Leicestershire Business Recovery Fund as at 30/09/2020 has supported 11 projects across HBBC. The Leicestershire County Council's Business Recovery Fund awarded £148k to 24 businesses across the Hinckley and Bosworth Borough. The Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council Business Recovery Project Fund supported 34 local projects with £275,542 worth of funding, the projects were spread throughout the borough with many in the rural areas.	
1h	To increase the percentage of the working age population qualified to at least NVQ2 and above	Proportion of population aged 19-64 qualified to at least NVQ2 and above	NOMIS – Official Labour Market Statistics	80.5%	

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
1i	To increase the percentage of the working age population qualified to at least NVQ4 and above	Proportion of population aged 19-64 qualified to at least NVQ4 and above	NOMIS – Official Labour Market Statistics	46%	Indicator is reported for the period Jan 2020 - Dec 2020. It includes the % of the whole population aged 16-64. There has been an increase of 3.7% since the 2019/20 AMR.
1j	To increase the percentage of people who are economically active	All people economically active (working-age)	NOMIS – Official Labour Market Statistics	83.3%	Indicator is reported for the period April 2020 – March 2021. It includes the % of the whole population aged 16-64. There has been a decrease in those classified as economically active of 4.8% since the last return (AMR 2019/20).

Table 10: Spatial Objective 2 – Regeneration of Urban Centres (Policies 1, 2, 3 & 4)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
2a	Development of approximately 21,100 sqm (net) of new comparison sector sales floorspace, and approximately 5,300 sqm (net) additional convenience retail floorspace in Hinckley town centre	Total amount of comparison sector sales and convenience retail floorspace in Hinckley Town Centre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	2020/21 showed a loss of 595 sqm of comparison floor space.	The Town Centre boundary is defined in the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD. Comparison and convenience include only A1 uses. 6,758 m2 of comparison retail floorspace gained since 2014/15 monitoring year. 12,270m2 of convenience floorspace gained since 2014/15 monitoring year. +16,570m2 net gain of retail floorspace has been provided 1/4/2009 to 31/3/2019, leaving a balance of 14,244m2 comparison sector floorspace and 0m2 convenience floorspace to be provided (with a convenience floorspace over provision of 6,970m2).

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
2b	To increase the footfall levels within Hinckley town centre and Earl Shilton and Barwell district centres	Actual Footfall Levels within Hinckley town centre and Earl Shilton and Barwell district centres	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Hinckley: 2018/19 - 3,228,172 2019/20 - 3,482,786 2020/21 – 1,405,517 Barwell: 2019/20 - 692,615 2020/21 – 523,425 Earl Shilton: 2019/20 – 1,129,563 2020/21 – 736,125	This data for monitoring year 2017/18 was the first based on the new system for footfall counts and provides a baseline for all subsequent years. This data reflects the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the district centre. The systems monitoring Barwell and Earl Shilton were installed half way through the 2018/19 monitoring period and therefore this is the second year that footfall has been reported for these urban areas.
2c	To reduce the percentage of vacant shops within Hinckley town centre and Earl Shilton and Barwell district centres	Actual percentage of vacant shops within Hinckley town centre and Earl Shilton and Barwell district centres	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Hinckley town centre vacancy rate as at March 2021 was 10% Earl Shilton District Centre vacancy rate as at March 2021 was 4.48% Barwell District Centre vacancy rate as at March 2021 was 5.56%	Hinckley vacancy rate as at March 2020 was 5.54% therefore there has been an increase by 4.46%. Earl Shilton vacancy rate as at March 2020 was 7.48% therefore the rate has decreased by 3%. Barwell vacancy rate as at March 2021 was 2.78% therefore the rate has increased by 2.78%. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic a decrease in all vacancy rates was expected.
2d	No loss of allocated community facilities in the urban area	No loss of allocated community facilities in the urban area	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There have been no determined application in the 2020/21 period that would cause the loss of an allocated community facility.	The District, Local and Neighbourhood Centre Review was published by the Borough Council in February 2012 and was reviewed in January 2015. A review of this document is currently being carried out and any loss of services will be reported in future AMRs on the basis of its findings. The Council is also reviewing the Community Facilities Review (formally Community, Cultural and Tourism

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
					Facilities Review 2013) which will outline the current provision of services within rural settlements. Next year's AMR will report on this.
2e	An increase in the quality and quantity of open space typologies in the urban areas	An increase in the quality and quantity of open space typologies in the urban areas	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	£696,795.25 secured between 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021 for Play and Open Space (all areas) through S106 contributions.	The Open Space and Recreation Study (October 2016) was finalised and published in January 2018. This document has now established a consistent baseline, in line with the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD, against which to test this indicator when the Open Space and Recreation Study is next updated. This update is currently being undertaken for the Local Plan Review and it is intended therefore that future AMRs shall report on improvements in specific sites.
2f	No loss of allocated cultural and tourism facilities within the urban areas	No loss of allocated cultural and tourism facilities within the urban areas	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There have been no losses.	The Council intend to review the Community Facilities Review (formally Community, Cultural and Tourism Facilities Review 2013) which will outline the current provision of services within rural settlements. Next year's AMR will report on this.

Table 11: Spatial Objective 3 – Strong and Vibrant Rural Communities (Policies 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 19 & 20)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
3a	No loss of existing services in the Key Rural Centres and Rural Villages (Policies 7, 8, 10 & 11)	Number of identified existing services in the Key Rural Centres and Rural Villages	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There have been no determined applications in the 2020/21 period that would cause the loss of an allocated community facility	The District, Local and Neighbourhood Centre Review was published by the Borough Council in February 2012 and was reviewed in January 2015. A review of this document is currently being carried out and any loss of services will be reported in future AMRs on the basis of its findings. The Council is also reviewing the Community Facilities Review (formally Community, Cultural and Tourism Facilities Review 2013) which will outline the current provision of services within rural settlements. Future AMRs will report on this.
3b	To provide local services within Bagworth (Policy 10)	Number of identified existing services in the Key Rural Centres and Rural Villages	Annual Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	No permissions granted or completed in 2020/21.	The council is currently reviewing the Community Facilities (formally Community, Cultural and Tourism Facilities Review) which will outline the current provision of services within rural settlements, including Bagworth. Future AMRs will report on this.
3c	No loss of allocated community facilities in the rural areas	No loss of allocated community facilities in the rural areas	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There have been no determined applications in the 2020/21 period that would cause the loss of an allocated community facility	The District, Local and Neighbourhood Centre Review was published by the Borough Council in February 2012 and was reviewed in January 2015. A review of this document is currently being carried out and any loss of services will be reported in future AMRs on the basis of its findings. The council is also reviewing the Community Facilities Review (formally Community, Cultural and Tourism Facilities Review 2013) which will outline the current provision of services within rural settlements. Next year's AMR will report on this.
3d	No loss of allocated retail premises in district, local or neighbourhood centres in the rural areas	No loss of allocated retail premises in district, local or neighbourhood centres in the rural areas	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There have been no losses	The District, Local and Neighbourhood Centre Review was published by the Borough Council in February 2012 and was reviewed in January 2015. A review of this document is currently being carried out and any loss of services will be reported in next year's AMR.

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
3e	No loss of allocated cultural and tourism facilities within the rural areas	No loss of allocated cultural and tourism facilities within the rural areas	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There have been no losses	No losses.
3f	No loss of allocated 'A' employment sites in the rural areas	No loss of allocated 'A' employment sites in the rural areas	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	The New Employment Land and Premises Study (2020) has been published for the Local Plan Review 2019 – 2039. There was no loss of 'A' employment sites through this review and no applications have been determined which would mean the loss of any designated 'A' employment sites.	
3g	An increase in the quality and quantity of open space typologies in the rural areas	An increase in the quality and quantity of open space typologies in the rural areas	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	£696,495.25 secured between 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021 for Play and Open Space (all areas) through S106 contributions (see Infrastructure Funding Statement 2020-21)	The Open Space and Recreation Study (October 2016) was finalised and published in January 2018. This document has now established a consistent baseline, in line with the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD, against which to test this indicator when the Open Space and Recreation Study is next updated. This update is currently being undertaken and it is intended therefore that future AMRs shall report on improvements in specific sites.

Table 12: Spatial Objective 4 – Social Inclusion (Policies 1, 2, 3 & 4)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
4a	To reduce the ranking in the index of multiple deprivation (IMD) for Hinckley & Bosworth's most deprived wards	The rank in the IMD for Hinckley & Bosworth's most deprived wards	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator (Indices of Deprivation CLG)	The borough is ranked as the 232 nd most deprived in England (out of 317 Local Authorities, where 1 st is the most deprived).	Also see Contextual Indicators Snapshot of Hinckley in Section 3. The ranking has increased from 248 th to 232 nd since the last IMD (2015) by the former Ministry of Housing communities & Local Government, now Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities. The latest release is that from 2019.

Table 13: Spatial Objective 5 – Housing for Everyone (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17 & 18)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
5a	Achievement of the Core Strategy minimum housing requirements in each of the borough's settlements	Housing Trajectory	Hinckley & Bosworth Residential Land Availability Statement	The housing trajectory in Table 4 was revised as at 1 April 2021 and sets out the various components of the housing indicators below.	
5b		Plan Period and housing targets	Hinckley & Bosworth Residential Land Availability Statement	1/4/2006 to 31/3/2011, 450 dwellings per annum (Core Strategy). 1/4/2011-2031, 471 dwellings per annum (updated figure from the HEDNA). Standard methodology gives a need of 444 dwellings per annum for 1/4/2020 – 31/3/2021 Also see housing trajectory	Previous Core Output Indicator H1 withdrawn from 2010/11 AMR
5c		Net additional dwellings – for reporting year	Hinckley & Bosworth Residential Land Availability Statement	267 dwellings Also see housing trajectory	Previous Core Output Indicator H2b withdrawn from 2010/11 AMR. The reporting year is 1/4/2020 to 31/3/2021
5d		Net additional dwellings – in future years	Hinckley & Bosworth Residential Land Availability Statement	Deficit of 253 net dwellings to the five year housing land supply requirement, resulting in a 4.46 years' worth of housing supply.	Previous Core Output Indicator H2c withdrawn from 2010/11 AMR.

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
				Provision of 2,077 net additional dwellings in the five-year period following the current monitoring year to provide housing land (to 2025). For the provision over the remaining period, see the housing trajectory.	
5e		Managed delivery target	Hinckley & Bosworth Residential Land Availability Statement	See housing trajectory	The housing trajectory identifies how future levels of housing are expected to come forward taking into account previous delivery and an assessment of future deliverability of sites.
5f		Delivery of the residential site allocations	Delivery of the residential site allocations	Additional 2 allocated sites completed	43 out of 83 site allocations have been completed in full. This equates to 52% of site allocations been completed. An additional 11 site allocations are currently under construction (13%) and a further 8 site allocations have been granted planning permission (9%). Overall, 62 out of the 83 site allocations are either complete, under construction or have planning permission granted. This equates to 75% of the site allocations.
5g	To provide 2,090 affordable homes by 2026 in line with housing trajectory targets	Gross affordable housing completions	Hinckley & Bosworth Residential Land Availability Statement	102 affordable dwellings provided.	There have been 1,390 gross affordable housing completions from 1/4/2006 to 31/3/2021, leaving a balance of 700 to be provided in accordance with the minimum target (total provision that should be provided in plan period is 2,090 dwellings).

Table 14: Spatial Objective 6 – Infrastructure Provision (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 19 & 20)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
6a	To deliver the infrastructure outlined in a future revised Infrastructure Plan or SPD in line with the indicative phasing	Infrastructure requirements provided	Revised Infrastructure Plan or SPD	Not returned	The revised Infrastructure Delivery Plan is yet to be produced. The most recent Local Development Scheme, at Table 3 , sets out the timescales for producing a new Local Plan DPD which will roll forward the existing plan period to 2039. The revised Infrastructure Delivery Plan will be produced in alignment with the new Local Plan DPD to ensure its appropriateness for the long term. It will be against this document that returns are sought for future AMRs.

Table 15: Spatial Objective 7 – Healthier Active Communities (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21 & 22)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
7a	To achieve an annual increase in the percentage of people who are satisfied with sports and leisure facilities	Satisfaction with sports and leisure facilities	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Performance Indicator BV119a	80% in 2018/19	The survey was not carried out in 2019/20 or 2020/21 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
7b	To achieve an annual increase in the percentage of people who are satisfied with parks and open space	Satisfaction with parks and open space	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Performance Indicator BV119e	Not returned	This indicator is no longer collected.

Table 16: Spatial Objective 8 – Stronger, Safer Communities (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12 & 13)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
8a	To achieve an annual increase in the percentage of people who are satisfied with their local area as a place to live	Satisfaction with the local area as a place to live	Authority Monitoring Report: Annual Satisfaction Survey	Not returned	This is no longer a part of the satisfaction survey. Therefore, this can no longer be returned.
8b	To achieve an annual reduction in the percentage of total recorded crime offences	Total recorded crime offences	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Performance Indicator LI20	6411 recorded crime offences (Decreased from 6564 in 2019/20)	The paragraph below from Office of National Statistics advises that caution should be used when using police data solely as a reliable measure of trends: Improvements to recording processes and practices by the police, expansions of the recorded crime collection to include new offences, variations in police activity, more victims reporting crime, and genuine increases in some types of crime, have each made substantial contributions to rises in recorded crime in recent years. This effect has been more pronounced for some crime types. For some types of offence these figures do not provide reliable trends in crime. https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/crimeandjustice/bulletins/crimeinenglandandwales/yearendingseptember2021

Table 17: Spatial Objective 9 – Identity, Distinctiveness and Quality of Design (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 11, 12, 13 & 16)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
9a	All residential developments of 10 of more dwellings to meet a 'very good' rating against the Building for Life criteria	Housing Quality – Building For Life Assessments	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Not returned	This output indicator has not been returned this monitoring period; however the Council will look to report on this in future AMRs. The Good Design Guide was adopted in July 2020 which re-introduced Building for Life criteria. A Building for Life 12 assessment will be expected as part of any application for a new residential scheme.

Table 18: Spatial Objective 10 – Natural Environment and Cultural Assets (Policies 19, 20, 21 & 22)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
10a	To deliver the green infrastructure network by 2026	Products delivered under the green infrastructure network	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator Green Infrastructure Study	Not returned	The revised Infrastructure Delivery Plan is yet to be produced. The most recent Local Development Scheme, at Table 3, sets out the timescales for producing a new Local Plan which will roll forward the existing plan period to 2039. The revised Infrastructure Delivery Plan will be produced in alignment with the new Local Plan DPD to ensure its appropriateness for the long term. HBBC have produced a Green Infrastructure Study as evidence base for the Local Plan review. It will be against these documents that returns are sought for future AMRs.
10b	To maintain and enhance areas of biodiversity importance	Total area (ha) of BAP habitat, Local Wildlife Site, and Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) lost or significantly damaged if planning permission was implemented	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	0 ha lost or significantly damaged	No planning permissions granted or implemented during the monitoring period were located on Local Wildlife Sites or SSSIs

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
10c	No loss of allocated open spaces within the borough	No loss of allocated open spaces within the borough	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	No losses	The Open Space and Recreation Study (October 2016) was finalised and published in January 2018. This document has now established a consistent baseline, in line with the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD, against which to test this indicator. As part of the Open Space and Recreation Study, 11 sites are identified as failing to perform the role of public open space. The Study recommends these are deallocated in a future Local Plan. The Open Space and Recreation Study is currently under review. Future AMRs will report on its conclusions/findings.
10d	No loss of allocated cultural and tourism facilities within the borough	No loss of allocated cultural and tourism facilities within the borough	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There have been no losses	No losses.

Table 19: Spatial Objective 11 – Built Environment and Townscape Character (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 11, 12 & 13)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
11a	To maintain a rolling programme of updates for Conservation Areas throughout the borough	Published Conservation Area Appraisals	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	All of the Conservation Areas across the borough have a published appraisal	Good practice recommends that appraisals are undertaken every five years. The Council are developing a rolling programme to ensure this best practice will be followed.
11b	To ensure there is a decrease in the number of Grade II listed buildings at risk	Number of Grade II listed buildings on the local 'buildings at risk' register	Authority Monitoring Report: Grade II listed local 'buildings at risk' register	Not returned	The development and publication of a local 'buildings at risk' register is an action of the Council's Heritage Strategy 2018-2023.

Table 20: Spatial Objective 12 – Climate Change and Resource Efficiency (Policy 24)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
12a	All residential developments to meet the following Code for Sustainable Homes levels: • Minimum of Code Level 3 to 2013 • Minimum of Code Level 4 from 2013 to 2016 • Minimum of Code Level 6 from 2016 onwards	New homes meeting the identified Code for Sustainable Homes levels until 2016.	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Not returned	No longer required by legislation to be returned.
12b	Public buildings to meet a minimum of BREEAM (or equivalent) assessment rating of 'very good' from 2009-2016	Public buildings meeting the minimum of BREEAM (or equivalent) assessment rating of 'very good' from 2009-2016	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	No public buildings within this monitoring year. Barwell Medical Centre was approved with a 'excellent' BREEAM standard (21/00540/FUL).	No public buildings within this monitoring year, however the Hinckley Leisure Centre, completed in monitoring period 2015/16, was built to a BREEAM very good standard.
12c	Public buildings to meet a minimum of BREEAM (or equivalent) assessment rating of 'excellent' from 2016 onwards	Public buildings to meet a minimum of BREEAM (or equivalent) assessment rating of 'excellent' from 2016 onwards	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	No public buildings have reached this standard or been conditioned to reach this standard. Barwell Medical Centre was approved with a 'excellent' BREEAM standard (21/00540/FUL).	

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
12d	To deliver at least 14% of the borough's energy consumption based on 2010 levels through renewable energy by 2026	Renewable energy generation	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator Renewable Energy Capacity Study	Not returned for 2020/21. 1% as at December 2014	The last available estimate was provided by the Hinckley and Bosworth Renewable Energy Capacity Study of December 2014. This will be monitored and reported by the Carbon Reduction and Climate Change Officer moving forward.
12e	To ensure an annual decrease in CO2 reduction against 2012 baseline of 10% from local authority operations	CO2 reduction from local authority operations	Authority Monitoring Report: National Indicator 185	Achieved as at 2018/19 = 38.2% actual reduction from the original baseline figure (3367.3 tons) The 2019/20 return is not available due to COVID-19. This shall be reported in next year's AMR. This return will be reported by the Carbon Reduction and Climate Change Officer moving forward.	Target by 2020 = 45% (reduction from 2009/10 baseline of 3367.3 TCO2e) Increase from 2017/18 figure due to 49% increase in fuel consumption by the fleet as a consequence of bringing the dry recycling service back in house and increasing the number of fleet vehicles to facilitate this expansion.
12f	To ensure an annual increase the percentage of household waste sent for reuse, recycling and composting	Percentage of household waste sent for reuse, recycling and composting	Authority Monitoring Report: National Indicator 192	Official return from DEFRA for 2019/20 = 43.9%	2015/16 = 21.9%. 2017/18 = 43.85% 2018/19 = 44% The return for 2020/21 is not available due to data being published approximately a year in arrears therefore this will be reported in next year's AMR.

Table 21: Spatial Objective 13 – Transportation and need to travel (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
13a	Delivery of transport interchange at Hinckley Railway Station by 2016	Delivery of transport interchange at Hinckley Railway Station	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Transport Interchange has not yet been delivered	Delivery is guided by the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD
13b	Implementation of Hinckley and Rural Parishes cycle network plan by 2026	Implementation of the Hinckley & Rural Parishes cycle network plan	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Improvement works are currently being undertaken by the County Council.	Delivery is guided by the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD and Leicestershire Local Transport Plan. The Hinckley and Rural Parishes cycle network plan (2003) is out of date however cycle routes are currently being improved along Coventry Road and Granville Road in conjunction with LCC Highways works.
13c	Improvement of bus services operating throughout the borough	Number of bus services operating throughout the borough	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	There are 18 services operating across the borough	A list of bus services operating within the borough as of April 2021 is provided in Appendix 2. There has been a reduction of 2 bus services since the 19/20 AMR.

HINCKLEY TOWN CENTRE AREA ACTION PLAN

- 8.6. The adopted Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD contains a monitoring framework of indicators designed to assess the extent to which policies contained within the document are being achieved and if targets are being met. The 2020/21 returns for the indicators contained within the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan Monitoring Framework are provided within Tables 21 to 28. Some of the indicators contained within the Area Action Plan are also returned in the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD Monitoring Framework, and where this is the case it is stated in the relevant table.
- 8.7. The Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan provides the direction required to meet the targets of Spatial Objective 2 – increasing and improving the accessibility of the town centre.
- 8.8. In 2017 a brand new monitoring system was introduced for footfall count in the Town Centre. The new system, 'Geo-Sense', picks up a signal from mobile phones so is significantly more accurate and records data at various locations including The Crescent – it is also able to identify unique visitors from returning ones. The 2017 AMR provided a return that has formed the baseline for comparison going forward.
- 8.9. The Area Action Plan guides development into strategic development areas which will significantly improve the retail provision in the town centre in line with Spatial Objective 3. The Area Action Plan has also facilitated the delivery of a cinema and other leisure uses at the Bus Station and The Crescent.
- 8.10. A list of bus services is contained within Appendix 2.

Table 22: Spatial Objective 1 – To increase the number of people living in the Hinckley town centre (Policies 2, 5, 6, 7 & 10)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
1a	Contribution to the target of 1120 new additional dwellings in Hinckley to 2026	Net additional dwellings within the Hinckley town centre for the reporting year	Hinckley & Bosworth Residential Land Availability Statement	43 net additional dwellings in Hinckley Town Centre. 4 net additional dwellings in Hinckley (excluding the Town Centre dwellings) were completed in 2020/21.	Inclusive of the 2020/21 return, 559 dwellings have been completed within the Hinckley town centre and 947 dwellings have been completed outside of the Town Centre but still within Hinckley since monitoring year 2011/12, when the Hinckley Town Centre AAP was adopted. Overall, since 2011/12, 1,506 net additional dwellings have been completed in Hinckley.

Table 23: Spatial Objective 2 – To increase and improve accessibility (Policies 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 17, 18 & 19)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
2a	To increase in levels of footfall in the town centre*	Actual levels of footfall in Hinckley Town Centre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local indicator	2019/20 3,482,786 2020/21 1,405,517 (-60%)	Data for monitoring year 2020/21 based on the system for footfall counts. This data shows the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
2b	To increase the number of bus services operating in the town centre	Number of bus services operating in the town centre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local indicator	See Appendix 2	A list of bus services operating within the borough as of April 2021 is provided in Appendix 2.
2c	Delivery of transport interchange at Hinckley Railway Station by 2016	Delivery of transport interchange at Hinckley Railway Station	Authority Monitoring Report: Local indicator	Transport interchange has not yet been delivered.	Delivery is guided by the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD.
2d	Implementation of Hinckley and Rural Parishes cycle network plan by 2026	Implementation of the Hinckley & Rural Parishes cycle network plan	Authority Monitoring Report: Local indicator	Improvement works are currently being undertaken by the County Council.	Delivery is guided by the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD and Leicestershire Local Transport Plan. The Hinckley and Rural Parishes cycle network plan (2003) is out of date however cycle routes are currently being improved along Coventry Road and Granville Road in conjunction with LCC Highways works.

Table 24: Spatial Objective 3 – To increase and improve retail provision (Policies 4, 5, 8, 9, 15 & 16)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return for 2020/21	Comments
3a	Development of 21,100 sqm (net) new comparison retail floorspace	Total amount of comparison retail floorspace developed in Hinckley town centre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	2020/21 showed a loss of 595 sqm of comparison floor space.	The Town Centre boundary is defined in the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan DPD. Comparison and convenience include only A1 uses. 6,758 m2 of comparison retail floorspace gained since 2014/15 monitoring year. 12,270m2 of convenience floorspace gained since 2014/15 monitoring year. +16,570m2 net gain of retail floorspace has been provided 1/4/2009 to 31/3/2019, leaving a balance of 14,244m2 comparison sector floorspace and 0m2 convenience floorspace to be provided (with a convenience floorspace over provision of 6,970m2).
3b	Development of 5,300 sqm (net) new convenience retail floorspace	Total amount of convenience retail floorspace developed in Hinckley town centre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator		
3c	Annual decrease in the % of vacant shops within Hinckley town centre	Actual percentage of vacant shops within Hinckley town centre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Hinckley town centre vacancy rate as at March 2021: 10%	Hinckley vacancy rate as at March 2020 was 5.54% therefore there has been an increase by 4.46%. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic a decrease in all vacancy rates was expected.

Table 25: Spatial Objective 4 – To enhance Hinckley Town Centre’s image to developers, retailers, residents and visitors (Policies 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 & 11)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Comments
4a	To enhance Hinckley Town Centre’s image to developers, retailers, residents and visitors	See Objectives 11 and 12 of the Hinckley and Bosworth Core Strategy	The Heritage Action Zone has provided funding to regenerate the image of the Town Centre. A new wayfinding strategy has been published. Further work/changes to the town centre will be reported through future AMRs.

Table 26: Spatial Objective 5 – To support the development of new leisure and culture facilities (Policies 2 & 9)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return 2020/21	Comments
5a	Improved facilities at Concordia Theatre	Delivery of improved facilities at the Concordia Theatre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Work completed in 2014/15.	N/A
5b	Delivery of cinema and other leisure uses at the bus station	Delivery of a cinema and other leisure uses at the bus station	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Work completed in 2015/16	N/A

Table 27: Spatial Objective 6 – To promote tourism and the evening economy (Policies 2 & 9)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return 2020/21	Comments
6a	Increase the number of restaurants and cafes within Hinckley town centre	Actual number of restaurants and cafes within Hinckley town centre	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	No permissions granted and completed within 2020/21.	There was no change in floorspace for E(b) use (previously A3) as there were no applications. There could have been changes since the implementation of Class E in 2020 however this is unable to be monitored due to the changes within Class E predominately not needing planning permission.

Table 28: Spatial Objective 7 – To improve the public realm and enhance historic character (Policies 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 & 11)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return 2020/21	Comments
7a	To maintain a rolling programme of updates for Hinckley Conservation Areas to have a published Conservation Area Appraisal and Management Plan	Number of Hinckley Conservation Areas to have a published Conservation Area Appraisal and Management Plan	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	All of the Conservation Areas across the borough have a published appraisal	Good practice recommends that appraisals are undertaken every five years. The Council are developing a rolling programme to ensure this good practice will be followed
7b	To ensure there is a decrease in the number of Grade II listed buildings at risk	Number of Grade II listed buildings in Hinckley town centre on the local 'buildings at risk' register	Authority Monitoring Report: Grade II listed local 'buildings at risk' register	Not returned	The development and publication of a local 'buildings at risk' register is an action of the Council's Heritage Strategy 2018-2023.

Table 29: Spatial Objective 8 – To retain and enhance employment opportunities (Policies 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12a & 12b)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return 2020/21	Comments
8a	Contribution to the 34,000 sqm of new office floorspace in line with Core Strategy Policy 1	Total amount of additional B1 floorspace within Hinckley town centre	Hinckley and Bosworth Employment Land Availability Statement	N/A	Indicator for this objective has been removed as there is no longer a need for additional town centre office floorspace as identified in the Employment Land and Premises Review (2013 & 2020).

EARL SHILTON AND BARWELL AREA ACTION PLAN

- 8.11. The adopted Earl Shilton and Barwell Area Action Plan DPD contains a monitoring framework of indicators designed to assess the extent to which policies contained within the document are being achieved and if targets are being met. Only those indicators for Spatial Objective 5 have been reported (Table 29) as the remainder deal specifically with the development of the Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUEs), which have not yet been granted planning permission. When these applications have been approved, they will be reported in the relevant monitoring year.
- 8.12. The Earl Shilton and Barwell Area Action Plan was adopted September 2014 and was created to help guide the Council, developer and others investing in the future of Earl Shilton and Barwell in the period to 2026 in providing a development framework for two sustainable urban extensions.

Table 30: Spatial Objective 5 – To increase and improve the range of retail in Earl Shilton and Barwell and ensure that the centres are capable of accommodating an increased number of visitors from the growing population. The centres will continue to support the role of Hinckley as the sub regional centre (Policies 2, 6, 9, 12, 15, 19 & 26)

Ref.	Target	Output Indicator	Source	Return 2020/21	Comments
5a	Annual decrease in the % of vacant shops within District Centres	% of vacant shops in District Centres	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Earl Shilton District Centre vacancy rate as at March 2021 was 4.48%. Barwell District Centre vacancy rate as at March 2021 was 5.56%	Earl Shilton vacancy rate as at March 2020 was 7.48% therefore the rate has decreased by 3%. Barwell vacancy rate as at March 2021 was 2.78% therefore the rate has increased by 2.78%. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic a decrease in all vacancy rates was expected.
5b	Improve the range of retail provision within District and Neighbourhood Centres	Number and type of retail premises in District and Neighbourhood Centres	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Not returned	The District, Local and Neighbourhood Centre Review was published by the Borough Council in February 2012 and was reviewed in January 2015. The intention is that the document is reviewed every two years and any loss of services is reported in AMRs on the basis of its findings. However, a review was not carried out in 2019 and therefore there has been no updated return for 2019/20. A review will be carried out to aid in the production of the new Local Plan and reported on in future AMRs.
5c	Delivery of Environmental Improvements within District Centres	Delivery of Environmental Improvement Schemes	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Not returned as no further improvements implemented since last AMR	No further improvements have been implemented. It is expected that Barwell are likely to secure S106 contributions in the next monitoring year from the Signed S106 for the SUE.
5d	Enabling the development of Neighbourhood Centres in SUEs	Planning permission for Neighbourhood Centres in SUEs. Development of Neighbourhood Centres	Authority Monitoring Report: Local Indicator	Not returned as planning permission has not yet been granted for either SUE.	Applications have now been submitted for Earl Shilton SUE therefore both have pending planning applications.

9. NEIGHBOURHOOD DEVELOPMENT PLANS

- 9.1. Section 34 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulation 2012 states that where a local planning authority have made a neighbourhood development plan, the local planning authority's monitoring report must contain details of these documents.
- 9.2. Table 31 outlines the Council's current position in respect of all active Neighbourhood Development Plans within the Borough when the position is known. The Borough Council is responsible for its statutory undertakings in relation to the development of Neighbourhood Development Plans and provides thorough guidance and advice to groups as required and appropriate. This includes general support and particular duties from Pre-Submission through to Referendum.
- 9.3. Service-level agreement's (SLA) are usually entered into with neighbourhood plan groups.

Table 31: Progress update of all Neighbourhood Development Plans within the Borough – as of 1 January 2022.

Parish/Forum	Area Designation Date	Status	Progress update (as of 1 April 2020)
Bagworth, Thornton and Stanton under Bardon	June 2017	Development stage	Joint Parish NDP (Bagworth & Thornton and Stanton under Bardon). Regulation 14 Pre-Submission Consultation undertaken in 2021. Awaiting Submission.
Barlestone	May 2017	Examination	Awaiting Examiner's report. Referendum could follow in 2022.
Burbage	February 2014	Made	Burbage Neighbourhood Plan was Made following a positive referendum result on 6 th May 2021.
Dadlington	Oct 2019	Development stage	Preparation paused in late 2021.
Desford	September 2015	Made	Desford Neighbourhood Plan was Made following a positive referendum result on 6 th May 2021.
Groby	11 Dec 2020	Development stage	Evidence gathering and early consultation are underway.
Market Bosworth	February 2013	Made	Market Bosworth Neighbourhood Development Plan was made 4 September 2015. A minor review was agreed on 17 th March 2021.
Markfield	April 2017	Made	Markfield Neighbourhood Plan was Made following a positive referendum result on 9 th September 2021.
Newbold Verdon	July 2016	Development Stage	Following examination, the Newbold Verdon Neighbourhood Plan has to prepare its plan again with Strategic Environmental Assessment prior to Regulation 14 Pre-Submission.
Sheepy	October 2015	Made	Sheepy Parish Neighbourhood Development Plan was made 19 March 2019. A major review is underway with examination expected early 2022.
Stoke Golding	May 2016	Referendum	Referendum is due to take place on 3 rd March 2022.
West Clarendon Neighbourhood Forum – Hinckley	29 May 2014	Expired	Forum and neighbourhood area expired May 2019 after 5 years of inactivity. Neighbourhood Area and Forum disbanded by the Borough Council on 29 th May 2019.
Witherley	March 2017	Development stage	Submission expected early 2022.

Up to date information on all of our Neighbourhood Plans can be found on the [Council's website](#).

- 9.4. Of the five made plans in the above table only two were made as of 1 April 2021. Therefore, only Sheepy and Market Bosworth have been included within the policy monitoring for 2020/21. The use of the policies within these plans has been reported in Appendix 1.

10. INFRASTRUCTURE FUNDING STATEMENT

- 10.1. When implementing certain types of planning permissions (most notably major residential schemes), developers are required to make financial contributions towards providing or improving local infrastructure. These contributions are used to mitigate the impact of the development on local community facilities and can be requested where they are supported by planning policies and meet the three tests in Regulation 122 of the CIL Regs 2010. Examples of contributions levied by the Council include the improvement of local parks (play and open space), public realm contributions and health facilities.
- 10.2. New legislation namely the Community Infrastructure Levy (Amendment) (England) (No. 2) Regulations 2019 came into effect on 1st September 2019 and introduced a few changes. The changes relevant to Hinckley and Bosworth Borough Council as a non-CIL Charging authority are as follows:
- Regulation 123 (Further limitations on use of planning obligations) has been deleted so there is no limit as to the number of planning obligations that could be used to fund a single infrastructure project which means that pooling restrictions have been removed. Previously only five contributions could be asked for one infrastructure project;
 - Regulation 122 (Limitation on use of planning obligations) has been amended to make clear that subject to certain conditions a local planning authority is allowed to include a monitoring fee in agreements under section 106.
- 10.3. Regulation 9 Annual Infrastructure Funding Statements and CIL Rate Summary introduces Part 10A (Reporting and monitoring on CIL and planning obligations) Regulation 121A requires Local Authorities that receive developer contributions to publish an Annual Infrastructure Funding Statement.
- 10.4. The Infrastructure Funding Statement (IFS) (2020/21) has been published²⁰ and the Statement will continue to be published annually. The Statement provides an overview of section 106 agreements, section 106 contributions paid to the Council in 2020/21 and the projects delivered in the Borough via section 106 agreements in 2020/21. Leicestershire County Council will report on the planning obligations they collect separately.

²⁰ [Infrastructure Funding Statement 1st April 2020 to 31st March 2021](#)

- 10.5. A total of £885,163.84 was secured through section 106 agreements in 2020/21, the breakdown of which is as follows:
- Off Site Open Space provision and maintenance - £464,386.45
 - On Site Open Space maintenance - £232,108.80
 - Health - 188,668.59
- 10.6. A total of £782,238.16 was received by the Council in 2020/21, the breakdown of which is as follows:
- Off Site Open Space - £346,756.89
 - Public Realm - £34,263.93
 - Police - £60,359.28
 - Health - £146,891.40
 - Monitoring - £21,843.80
 - LCC - £172,122.86
- 10.7. As of 31st March 2021, there was £1,696,714.52 of unspent (unallocated) section 106 contributions. These monies are not those that have surpassed their clawback date.
- 10.8. In 2020/21 216 affordable housing units were secured and 2 new open space sites, one in Newbold Verdon and the other in Ratby.
- 10.9. There has been a total of £1,148,899.92 received which has been allocated to a team or projects within the Council but of 31st March 2021 had not been spent. An additional £378,583.97 was spent/transferred in 2020/21. The Council currently hold £440,202.22 of health contributions on behalf of the CCG.
- 10.10. These figures are details further within the IFS.

APPENDIX 1. USE OF LOCAL PLAN POLICIES FROM 1 APRIL 2020 TO 31 MARCH 2021

CORE STRATEGY DPD POLICIES USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
Policy 1 – Development in Hinckley	To support Hinckley's role as a sub-regional centre	65
Policy 2 – Development in Earl Shilton	To support the regeneration of Earl Shilton	18
Policy 3 – Development in Barwell	To support the regeneration of Barwell	9
Policy 4 – Development in Burbage	To address the small pockets of deprivation in Burbage and support Hinckley's role as a sub-regional centre	47
Policy 5 – Transport Infrastructure in the Sub-regional Centre	To provide transport interventions to support the additional development in an around the Hinckley sub-regional centre	4
Policy 6 – Hinckley/Barwell/Earl Shilton/Burbage Green Wedge	To encourage uses that provide appropriate recreational facilities within easy reach of urban residents	4
Policy 7 – Key Rural Centres	To support the Key Rural Centres and ensure they can provide key services to their rural hinterland	32
Policy 8 – Key Rural Centres Relating to Leicester	To support local services and ensure local people have access to a range of housing in Desford, Groby, Ratby and Markfield	32
Policy 9 – Rothley Brook Meadow Green Wedge	To encourage uses that provide appropriate recreational facilities within easy reach of urban residents	1
Policy 10 – Key Rural Centres within the National Forest	To create a new sense of place and improve the provision of local services	7
Policy 11 – Key Rural Centres Stand Alone	To support local services and maintain rural population levels in Barlestone, Market Bosworth, Newbold Verdon and Stoke Golding	31
Policy 12 – Rural Villages	To support the existing services in the Rural Villages	27
Policy 13 – Rural Hamlets	To support the limited services in the Rural Hamlets, confine development to infill housing development, local choice schemes and conversion of agricultural buildings to employment uses	33
Policy 14 – Rural Areas: Transport	To support accessibility in the rural areas	6
Policy 15 – Affordable Housing	To support the provision of mixed, sustainable communities	38
Policy 16 – Housing Density, Mix and Design	To provide a mix of housing types and tenures on all qualifying sites	40
Policy 17 – Rural Needs	To provide small scale developments that meet a 'local need' either through Local Choice or a Rural Exceptions Site for housing, employment or community facilities in the Key Rural Centres, Rural Villages and Rural Hamlets	13

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
Policy 18 – Provision of Sites for Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople	To provide sites for gypsies, travellers and travelling showpeople	2
Policy 19 – Green Space and Play Provision	To ensure all residents have access to sufficient, high quality, accessible green spaces and play areas	69
Policy 20 – Green Infrastructure	To implement the Green Infrastructure Network within the borough	16
Policy 21 – National Forest	To support the implementation of the National Forest to the north east of the borough	30
Policy 22 – Charnwood Forest	To support proposals that will maintain the traditional working landscape of the forest, provide new recreational facilities, improve access by non-vehicular means, retain local character, enhance open spaces, enhance woodland and habitat provision and connectivity and manage and enhance the cultural heritage of the area	4
Policy 23 – Tourism Development	To develop tourism at new and extended visitor attractions and encourage holiday accommodation in suitable locations	9
Policy 24 – Sustainable Design and Technology	To ensure all development in Hinckley, Burbage, Barwell and Earl Shilton meet Code for Sustainable Homes and BREEAM (or equivalent) requirements	3

**SITE ALLOCATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT POLICIES DPD
POLICIES USED DURING 2020/21:**

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
SA2 – Land West of Hinckley, Normandy Way, Hinckley	To set out requirements of the allocation in relation to specific issues identified.	1
SA3 – Land at Brookfield Road and Sketchley Brook, Burbage	To set out requirements of the allocation in relation to specific issues identified.	2
DM1 – Presumption in Favour of Sustainable Development	Against this policy the Council, when considering development proposals, will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development.	732
DM2 – Delivering Renewable energy and Low Carbon Development	To provide support to and set out controls over new renewable energy and low carbon development installations at all scales.	12
DM3 – Infrastructure and Delivery	To ensure the appropriate level of infrastructure provision is secured.	97
DM4 – Safeguarding the Countryside and Settlement Separation	To safeguard the countryside from unsustainable development.	191
DM5 – Enabling Rural Worker Accommodation	To safeguard the countryside from inappropriate development.	5
DM6 – Enhancement of Biodiversity and Geological Interest	To ensure the appropriate conservation and enhancement of features of nature conservation and geological value.	97
DM7 – Preventing Pollution and Flooding	To prevent adverse impacts from pollution and flooding.	125
DM8 – Safeguarding Open Space, Sport and Recreational Facilities	To safeguard open space, sport and recreational facilities.	4
DM9 – Safeguarding Natural and Semi-Natural Open Spaces	To safeguard natural and semi-natural open spaces and ensure developments within or affecting such spaces seek to retain and enhance accessibility to them.	5
DM10 – Development and Design	To ensure high quality and sustainable design in new development.	760
DM11 – Protecting and Enhancing the Historic Environment	To protect, conserve and enhance the historic environment throughout the borough.	162
DM12 – Heritage Assets	To ensure that all development proposals affecting heritage assets and their settings continue to protect or enhance them, in accordance with DM11 – Protecting and Enhancing the Historic Environment.	158
DM13 – Preserving the Borough's Archaeology	To ensure new development preserves the borough's archaeological assets where applicable.	52
DM14 – Replacement Dwellings in the Rural Area	To provide limited provision for supporting replacement dwellings in rural areas.	5
DM15 – Redundant Rural Buildings	To provide limited provision for supporting the re-use and/or adaptation of redundant or disused rural buildings.	16
DM17 – Highways and Transportation	To ensure new development does not lead to significant adverse impacts upon highways safety and function.	345

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
DM18 – Vehicle Parking Standards	To ensure appropriate levels of parking provision for new development.	470
DM19 – Existing Employment Sites	To safeguard the most valuable and appropriate existing employment sites.	20
DM20 – Provision of Employment Sites	To provide limited provision for supporting the development of new employment sites outside of allocations.	16
DM21 – Locating Sustainable Town Centre Uses	To ensure the appropriate locating of town centre uses through the sequential approach.	9
DM22 – Vitalising District, Local and Neighbourhood Centres	To help promote a strong rural economy through the appropriate retention and development of local services and shops.	16
DM23 – High Quality Shop Fronts and Advertisements	To maintain high levels of design and ensure local distinctiveness in new and refurbished shop fronts and to ensure outdoor advertisements are appropriately designed and placed.	24
DM24 – Cultural and Tourism Facilities	To support the retention of existing and development of new cultural and tourism facilities.	9
DM25 – Community Facilities	To support the retention of existing and development of new community facilities.	13

**SITE ALLOCATIONS AND DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT POLICIES DPD
POLICIES NOT USED DURING 2020/21:**

Policy	Objective	Comments
SA1 – Safeguarding Site Allocations	To safeguard sites identified as having planning permission for the same land use(s) and quantum of development in the event planning permission expiry.	No applications have been submitted for allocations which do not adhere to the previously granted planning permission
SA4 – Former Dunlop Factory, Station Road, Bagworth	To set out requirements of the allocation in relation to specific issues identified.	No application has been determined for this allocation within this monitoring period. This site has been built out.
SA5 – Land South of Station Road and Heath Road, Market Bosworth	To set out requirements of the allocation in relation to specific issues identified.	No application has been determined for this allocation within this monitoring period.
DM16 – Telecommunications	To provide limited provision for supporting the provision of essential infrastructure for telecommunications.	No telecommunications applications were determined within this monitoring period.

HINCKLEY TOWN CENTRE AREA ACTION PLAN POLICIES USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
Policy 2 – Stockwell Head / Concordia Theatre Strategic Development Area	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	1
Policy 7 – Rugby Road / Hawley Road	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	1
Policy 12a – Area of Mixed Uses, Upper Bond Street	To ensure development proposals within this area retain architecturally significant buildings where appropriate and to retain employment uses where viable	1
Policy 13 – Hinckley Town Centre Shopping Areas	To protect the vitality and retail integrity of the town centre's retail core and provide guidance on acceptable uses along primary and secondary shopping frontages and within the Town Centre. Guidance on shop frontages and security features is also provided	6

HINCKLEY TOWN CENTRE AREA ACTION PLAN POLICIES NOT USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Comments
Policy 1 – Compulsory Purchase Orders	The Council will use Compulsory Purchase Orders to bring forward the identified key development sites where negotiations and partnerships have not been successful	Sites that have been brought forward have not needed the use of the Compulsory Purchase Order powers and therefore there has not been a requirement to use Policy 1.
Policy 3 – Atkins Factory Strategic Development Area	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 4 – Britannia Centre / Castle Street Strategic Development Area	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 5 – Land north of Mount Road	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 6 – Leisure Centre	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 8 – Railway Station / Southfield Road	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 9 – Bus Station	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 10 – North Warwickshire and Hinckley College Sites	To enable redevelopment in this geographical location	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 11 – Public Realm Improvements	To seek contributions from developers and other partners for the implementation and maintenance of specific public realm improvements	No major planning applications have been determined in this monitoring period which could have provided CIL compliant contributions.
Policy 12b – Transco HQ / Jarvis Porter	To retain a proportion of employment uses on this site	No planning applications have been determined within the geographical location within this monitoring period.
Policy 14 – Retail Development Outside Hinckley Town Centre	To ensure retail development that is of a type and size which will not have a significant adverse impact on the vitality and viability of the town centre's Primary Shopping Area	There have been no retail applications determined that is outside of the Hinckley Town Centre boundary and of a type and size which would have a significant adverse impact.
Policy 15 – Transport Infrastructure Delivery and Developer Contributions	To ensure developers make either direct provision of infrastructure or provide contributions through Section 106 agreements	18/01237/FUL is the only major development approved within the Town Centre Boundary within this monitoring year. Highways

Policy	Objective	Comments
		contributions were received through Policy DM3 of the SADMP.
Policy 16 – Cycle Routes	To improve the attractiveness of cycling to and within Hinckley town centre by implementing cycle route signage through developer contributions where necessary	There have been no applications determined within the Hinckley Town Centre boundary that improved the cycle routes.

EARL SHILTON AND BARWELL AREA ACTION PLAN POLICIES USED DURING 2020/21:

Most of the policies have not yet been used as they are very much aimed towards the SUEs, which have not yet been granted planning consent. However there are policies which are not specific to the SUEs but development within Barwell and Earl Shilton as a whole. Some of these have been used, and where they have not, a brief explanation of their lack of use is contained in the 'policies not used' table.

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
Policy 10 – General Highways Provision for Earl Shilton Urban Extension	Outlines the highway provision required for the SUE.	1
Policy 13 – Housing in Barwell Urban Extension	2500 homes will be provided within the Barwell Urban Extension.	1
Policy 19 – Regeneration of the District Centres	To enable the regeneration of the District Centres of Earl Shilton and Barwell.	This policy is not exclusive to the development of the SUEs. The policy has been used three times in this monitoring year.
Policy 22 – Development and Design	To ensure a high standard of design and attractive development	27
Policy 23 – Existing Employment Sites	Seeks to protect and enhance existing employment sites.	2
Policy 25 – Safeguarding Open Space, Sport and Recreational Facilities	Seeks to protect open space, sport and recreational facilities.	1
Policy 26 – Vitalising District, Local and Neighbourhood Centres	Seeks to provide additional retail provision in existing vacant premises and protect existing retail premises.	3

EARL SHILTON AND BARWELL AREA ACTION PLAN POLICIES NOT USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Comments
Policy 1 – Sustainable Urban Extensions (SUE)	To identify areas of the Borough that are subject to the SUE designation.	No planning applications have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 2 – Provision of Community Facilities	To ensure contributions towards the enhancement and provision of community facilities within the equivalent settlements.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 3 – Primary, Secondary and Upper Education Provision	Development will contribute to additional pupil capacity at existing education facilities equivalent to the need arising from development and new primary schools in the SUEs.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 4 – Provision of Indoor Sports and Leisure Facilities	Seek contributions towards indoor sports and leisure facilities where the need arises from the SUEs.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 5 – Waste Management Provision	Development will contribute towards waste management capacity equivalent to the needs arising from the SUEs.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 6 – Earl Shilton Urban Extension	Development of the urban extension is to follow the Development Framework.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 7 – Housing in Earl Shilton Urban Extension	A minimum of 1600 homes will be provided within the Earl Shilton SUE.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 8 – Employment in Earl Shilton Urban Extension	Development will provide a minimum of 4.5ha of employment land.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 9 – Neighbourhood Centre in Earl Shilton Urban Extension	A neighbourhood centre will be provided at the heart of the SUE.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 11- Walking and Cycling in Earl Shilton Urban Extension	Outlines the walking and cycling routes to be extended/improved in relation to the SUE.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 12 – Barwell Urban Extension	Development of the urban extension is to follow the Development Framework.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 14 – Employment in Barwell Urban Extension	The development will provide a minimum of 6.2ha of land for industrial and warehousing uses.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 15 – Neighbourhood Centre in Barwell Urban Extension	A neighbourhood Centre will be provided in the heart of the SUE.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.

Policy	Objective	Comments
Policy 16 – General Highways Provision for Barwell Urban Extension	Outlines the highway provision required for the SUE.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 17- Walking and Cycling in Barwell Urban Extension	Outlines the walking and cycling routes to be extended/improved in relation to the SUE.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 18 – Carousel Park	Land to be allocated to extend the existing travelling show persons ground as identified by the Gypsy and Travellers Accommodation Needs Assessment.	No planning applications for the SUEs have been determined within this geographical area and therefore the policy has not needed to be used.
Policy 20 – Skills Development	Seek to negotiate commitments from developers to provide employment and training opportunities within construction.	There have not been any planning permissions large enough to enable the Council to seek developer contributions for this policy.
Policy 21 – Infrastructure and Delivery	Developers will be expected to provide additional or improved infrastructure, amenities or facilities through the appropriate funding mechanism.	This policy has been used 2 times. However, it has been superseded by policy within the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD.
Policy 24 – Safeguarding Community Facilities	Seeks the provision and retention of existing community facilities.	This policy has been superseded by policy within the Site Allocations and Development Management Policies DPD

MARKET BOSWORTH NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN POLICIES USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
CE1 – Character and Environment	Sensitive development respecting the character of Market Bosworth	29
CE2 – Local Green Space	Protect and enhance existing open space and amenities	2
CE3 – Important Views and Vistas	Protect and enhance existing open spaces and important landscape characteristics	5
CE4 – Trees	Conserve and enhance important trees and wooded areas	6
CE5 – Landscape of the wider parish	Conserve and enhance the distinctive landscape outside the settlement boundary	5
BD1 – Affordable Housing	Provide affordable housing with local people given priority	2
BD2 – Site allocation south of Station Road and Heath Road	Provision of housing and employment opportunities to meet the needs of the community	1

MARKET BOSWORTH NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN POLICIES NOT USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Comments
BD3 – Design Guidelines for site allocation south of Station Road and Heath Road	Provide a design brief to demonstrate how the development will address key concerns of the community	No application at the allocated site has been determined within this monitoring period.

SHEEPY NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN POLICIES USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Times used in 2020/21
S1: Countryside	Protecting the intrinsic character, beauty, heritage and wildlife of the countryside	17
S6: Water Management	New development should take full account of flood risk	2
S7: Local Heritage Assets	Protect and enhance local heritage assets	5
S8: Design	Provide development that positively contributes to the creation of a well-designed place and maintain and enhance the individual character of the parish.	30
S10: Housing Development	To set out where or in what instance housing development will be supported within the parish	6
S11: Housing Mix	To provide the correct mix of housing for the needs of the parish	3
S13: Hornsey Rise Memorial Home	Guide the development of the housing allocation	3
S15: Car Parking and New Housing Development	Development should not exacerbate any existing parking problems within the vicinity and be in accordance with Policy DM18 of the SADMP	3
S17: Rural Economy	Small-scale business and enterprise development will be supported where it meets the requirements of Policies DM5 and DM20 of the SADMP	4

SHEEPY NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN POLICIES NOT USED DURING 2020/21:

Policy	Objective	Comments
S2: Public Rights of Way Network	Protect and enhance existing Public Rights of Way and where possible create new links to the network	No applications to alter an existing or propose a new right have way have been determined within this monitoring period.
S3: Locally Important Views	Protect open landscapes with extensive vistas dominated by natural features that characterise the parish	No applications to significantly alter an important view have been determined within this monitoring period.
S4: Renewable Energy	To support ground-mounted solar photovoltaic farms	No application for renewable energy has been determined within this monitoring period.
S5: Ecology and Biodiversity	Development should have appropriate regard for the network of local ecological features and habitats	No relevant applications have been determined within this monitoring period.
S9: Local Green Spaces	Protect locally designated green spaces	No relevant applications have been determined within this monitoring period.
S12: Affordable Housing	To provide affordable homes within the parish in line with the Core Strategy requirements	No applications for 11 or more dwellings have been determined within this monitoring period.
S14: Community Services and Facilities	To retain community facilities	No relevant applications have been determined within this monitoring period.
S16: Communications Infrastructure	New development should incorporate infrastructure to support fibre optic broadband	No relevant applications have been determined within this monitoring period.

APPENDIX 2. BUS SERVICES OPERATING WITHIN HINCKLEY AND BOSWORTH BOROUGH AS OF APRIL 2021

Service	Operator(s)	Route	Frequency		
			Monday – Saturday Daytime	Monday – Saturday Evenings	Sunday and Bank Holidays
1	Arriva	Earl Shilton - Hinckley	Hourly	No service	No service
2	Arriva	Barwell - Hinckley	2 hourly	No service	No service
<u>3</u>	Arriva	Hinckley - Burbage (Three Pots)	Infrequent	No service	No service
<u>7</u>	Roberts Coaches	Measham - Atherstone - Fenny Drayton	2 hourly	No service	No service
7	Arriva	Burbage - Hinckley - Hollycroft - Nuneaton	Hourly	No service	No service
6/6A	Arriva	Burbage - Hinckley - Hollycroft – Stoke Golding - Higham on the Hill	Hourly	No service	No service
<u>8</u>	Arriva	Hinckley – Magna Park - Lutterworth	Hourly	No service	No service
26	Arriva	Leicester - Ratby - Botcheston - Thornton - Bagworth - Coalville	Hourly	No service	No service
<u>27</u>	Arriva	Leicester - Ratby via Groby Road	1 hour 15 mins	Hourly	Hourly
29A	Arriva	Leicester - Groby - Markfield - Whitwick - Coalville	Hourly	No service	No service
48L	Stagecoach	Leicester - Hinckley - Nuneaton	20 mins	Varying frequency check timetable/ traveline for details	Hourly Leicester - Nuneaton
65	Arriva	Tamworth - Poleworth - Atherstone - MIRA Technology Park - Nuneaton	Hourly	No service	No service
152	Arriva	Leicester – Desford - Newbold Verdon - Market Bosworth	Infrequent (Monday - Friday only)	Infrequent (Monday - Friday only)	No service
153	Arriva	Leicester - Kirby Muxloe - Desford - Newbold Verdon - Market Bosworth	hourly	Infrequent	No service
158	Arriva	Leicester - Hinckley - Nuneaton	20 mins	Hourly Leicester - Hinckley	Hourly
159	Roberts Coaches	Coalville – Newbold Verdon - Market Bosworth - Hinckley	90 mins	No service	No service
X6	Arriva	Coventry – Burbage (Three Pots) – Leicester (Limited stop)	90 mins (via Hinckley Road Infrequent)	90 mins	Infrequent
X55	Arriva	Leicester – Fosse Park – Stoney Stanton – Sharnford - Hinckley	Infrequent	No service	No service

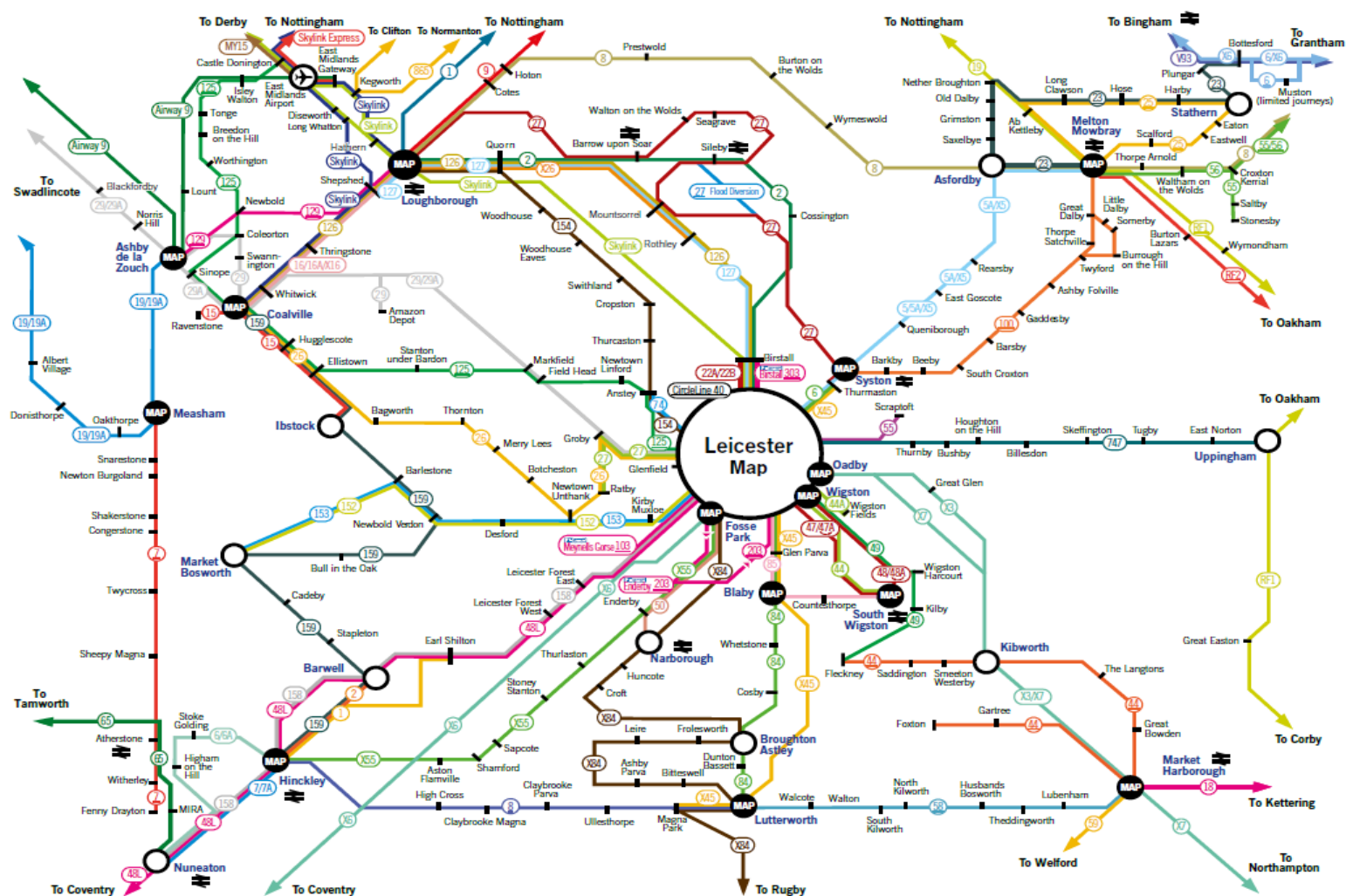
Underlined services provided by Leicestershire County Council

Bold services have stops in Hinckley & Bosworth Borough, but operate on a wider Leicestershire route.

Leicestershire Network

Bus map & guide

April 2021



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youmove.co.uk

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